RED BOILING SPRINGS Water Quality Report-2024

is my drinking water safe?
Yes, our water meets all of EPA's health standards. In the last few years, tests, some annually, have been conducted for over 80 contaminants that may be in drinking water. As you'll see in the chart, we detected 9 contaminants, and found all those

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resources/water-quality/sources-vater-assessment.html
or you may contact he water system to obtain copies of specific assessments.
Why are there contaminants in my water?
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How can I get involved?

For more information about your drinking water, please call us at 615-699 2011. Our City council meets on the 2th Thursday of each month at 7:00 pm at City Hall. Please feel free to atherd these meetings.

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Our valers system has a Wellhead protection Program that is approved by the Tennessees Division (Valer Supply, We are working with other agencies and local watershed groups to educate the community on ways to keep the water safe. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. The sources of drinking water (both tay water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservors, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surdace of the leart of through the ground, if disolvers naturally-occuring minerals and in, some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals of rolm human activity.

on initials for human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

and wildlife.

Inoganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturallyoccurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic
wassewater discharges, oil and gas producion, mining, or farming.
Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as
agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
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production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff,
and septic systems.

production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stomwater runoff, and sopilo systems.
Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occuring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.
In notice to ensure that tay water is safe to drink, EPA and the Tennessee Department of Environment and Consensation preservine regulations which time the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Red Boilting Spring's water treatment processes are designed to reduce any such substances to levels well below any health concern. TOA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

is our water system meeting other rules that govern our operations? In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the State and EPA requires us to test for

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Water and a regular basis. FDA regulations establish limits on contaminants in bottled water. We have always met all of these incomments in bottled water. We have always met all of these of the contaminants in bottled water. We wait go particular per entire the contaminants in drinking we wait go particular per entire the contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Interesting the contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Interesting the contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Interesting the contaminants in drinking water than the great population. Interesting the contaminants are personal with all proposed in HIVAIDS to determinate system disorders, some elderly, and infinite can be particularly at risk for interesting the people should seek advice about their personal sensitation food preparation, handling infants and pels, and drinking water from the health care providers. EPRACO guidelines on appropriate marse to lessen the risk of interesting their folions (but only organized and propriated providers and providers and providers and providers and providers and providers and providers are providers. EPRACE-4781). Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Safe Driving Water Holline (804-28-4791).

Water System Society
Following the events of September 2001, we realize that our customers are
concerned about the security of their driving vater. We urge the public to report any
suspicious activities at any utility facilities, including treatment plants, tanks, fre
hydrants, etc. to 518-586-5022.

Think before you flush!
Flushing numsed or expired medicines can be harmful to your drinking water.
Properly disposing of unused or expired medication helps protect you and
the environment. Keep medications out of Temesses's waterways by
disposing in one of our permanent pharmaceutical take back bins. There are
nearly 100 take back bins located across the state, to find a convenient
location please visit: https://doconline.tm.gov/rstakeback/

Lead in Drinking Water

Lead in Drinking Water

Lead can cause serious health effects in people of all ages, especially pregnant people, infants (both formula-fed and breastfed), and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and parts used in service lines and in home planning. The Red Boiling Springs water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in the plumbing in your home. Because lead levels may vary over time, lead exposure is possible even when your line sampling results do not detect lead at one point in time. Not the plumbing of the plumbing and removing lead of the plumbing and removing lead to the point of the plumbing and removing lead of the plumbing and removing lead to the point of the plumbing and removing lead to the point of the plumbing and removing lead to the plumbing and removing lead to the plumbing and plumbi

Lead Service Line Inventory
A Lead Service Line Inventory has been completed for our system and is accessible by contacting our office during regular business hours.

Water Quality Data

- What does this chart mean?

 MCIG. Maximum Contaminant Level Goal, or the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLOs allow for a margin of safety.

 MCL. Maximum Contaminant Level, or the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as leasable using the best available treatment technology. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 illers of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.
- . mum Residual Disinfectant Level or MRDL; The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence
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- N/A- Not applicable.

Contaminant	MCLG in CCR units	MCL in CCR Units	Level found	Range of detectio	Violation Y / N	Date of sample	Typical source of Contaminant
Total Coliform Bacteria (RTCR)		TT Trigger	0		No	2024	Naturally present in the environment
Turbidity ¹	N/A	тт	.28 EP-A .02 EP-C	.02 – .28 NTU	No	2024	Soil run-off
Copper*	1.3	AL = 1.3 ppm	90 th % = 0.1420	0.0156-0 .2810	No	2024	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
Lead *	0	AL=15 ppb	90 th % = <2.0	<2.0-2.2	No	2024	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrate	10 ppm	10 ppm	1.61 EP- A		No	09/24	Water additive for strong teeth, erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate (Lafayette)	10 ppm	10 ppm	2.76 ppm		No	10/24	Water additive for strong teeth, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N/A	N/A	5.38 EP- A		No	2022	Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium (Lafayette)	N/A	N/A	2.10		No	04/24	Erosion of natural deposits
TTHMs Total	0	80 ppb	31.55ppb LRAA	14.40 – 54.00	No	2024	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
HAA Haloacetic Acids	0	60 ppb	20.43 ppb	6.63 – 28.50	No	2024	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	MRDLG =	MRDL =	1.94 avg	1.7 -2.2	No	2024	Drinking water disinfectant
Chlorine	MRDLG =	MRDL =	2.0 avg	1.0 -2.8	No	2024	Drinking water disinfectant
Total Organic Carbon **	тт	п			No	2024	Naturally present in the environment

190% or more of our samples were below the turbidity limit. Turbidity is a measure of cloudiness of the water. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of our filtration such

^{*0} out of 20 sites sampled had a level exceeding the lead or copper action level.

** The Treatment Technique requirements for Total Organic Carbon were met in 2024